## <u>2025 年度 外国人留学生入試 英語【国際·経済·経営·現代社会学部】</u>

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## Ⅰ 次の英文を読み、設問に答えなさい。(32点)

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- Herman Melville, the writer of the (1) famous whale story *Moby Dick*, wrote that humpback whales\* were "the most lighthearted of all the whales." A favorite of whale watchers everywhere, they swim in ocean areas close to land and are active at the surface, often jumping out of the water and coming down with a great splash. They are intelligent animals and can be seen working together as they hunt schools of small fish. And, if you listen closely, you might even hear one singing.
  - Marine biologist Jim Darling has studied the songs of humpback whales for 25 years. While recording whale songs on a boat near Hawaii, he invited author Douglas Chadwick to experience diving with a humpback. In the water, the way Chadwick heard the whale's songs changed (2) completely. "Suddenly, I no longer heard the whale's voice in my ears. I felt it inside my head and bones." He clearly sensed the whale's silent awareness of him. The 13-meter-long giant looked him over curiously, but never (3) harmed him.
- The whale then swam under the boat. It pointed its head down to the ocean floor and, with flippers\* (4) extended out to its sides, began to sing. Up in the boat, Darling recorded the whale's song. Such songs may be long and complex, lasting for 30 minutes or more; they are perhaps the longest songs sung by any animal.
- Darling says that only male humpbacks sing, but for unknown reasons. It was previously thought that they sang to attract females, but scientists showed this was <u>(5)incorrect</u> when they played recordings of whale songs in the ocean and no females came around. Another idea is that male humpbacks compete with each other using songs, just as other male animals do using antlers\*, or tusks\*.
- In addition to their long and mysterious songs, humpbacks make a variety of other sounds as they interact each day. When alarmed by enemies such as killer whales, or when the feeding is especially good, the sounds they produce can be louder than an airplane engine.
- During the days of (6) heavy whale hunting, the world humpback population was (7) reduced from an estimated 125,000 to around 6,000 animals. Thanks to laws against hunting, humpbacks now number perhaps 30,000 animals, although the (8) constantly moving humpbacks are very difficult to count. However, it now seems that this mysterious singer will continue to sing for years to come.

(Source: Reading Explorer 2, Cengage Learning, 2009)

(注) humpback whales\* ザトウクジラ flippers\* 前びれ

antlers\* (シカなどの) 枝角 tusks\* (象などの) 牙

## 問1 下線部の(1)~(8)の語句の文中の意味として最も適切なものを,(A)~(D)の中から一つ選びなさい。

| (1) | (A) notorious    | (B) controversial | (C) renowned     | (D) global       |
|-----|------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| (2) | (A) partially    | (B) entirely      | (C) temporarily  | (D) surprisingly |
| (3) | (A) approached   | (B) punched       | (C) upset        | (D) hurt         |
| (4) | (A) restricted   | (B) stretched     | (C) tightened    | (D) enlarged     |
| (5) | (A) inaccurate   | (B) inconvenient  | (C) independent  | (D) insufficient |
| (6) | (A) strong       | (B) fat           | (C) excessive    | (D) thick        |
| (7) | (A) fallen       | (B) risen         | (C) increased    | (D) decreased    |
| (8) | (A) continuously | (B) rarely        | (C) periodically | (D) quickly      |

## 問 2 (1) $\sim$ (4)の質問の答えとして最も適切なものを, (A) $\sim$ (D)の中から一つ選びなさい。

- (1) According to paragraph 1, which of the following statements is true?
  - (A) Moby Dick referred to humpback whales as the most lighthearted animal in the world.
  - (B) Whales watchers swim in ocean areas to watch whales jumping out of the water.
  - (C) Humpback whales are so smart that they help each other with hunting.
  - (D) The songs of humpbacks are too faint for people to hear.
- (2) According to paragraphs 2 and 3, which of the following statements is true?
  - (A) Jim Darling and Douglas Chadwick have been studying the songs of humpback together for a decade.
  - (B) Chadwick found it frightening to listen to the whale's songs in the water.
  - (C) The whale did not notice Chadwick even when he tried to approach it.
  - (D) The whale's songs Darling recorded may be longer than those of any other animals.
- (3) According to paragraphs 4 and 5, which of the following statements is true?
  - (A) The presence of killer whales can cause humpbacks to produce power sounds.
  - (B) When scientists played recordings of whale songs, only male humpbacks responded.
  - (C) Humpbacks learn how to make a variety of sounds through interaction with other whales.
  - (D) Scientists have discovered why female humpback whales don't sing.
- (4) According to paragraph 6, which of the following statements is true?
  - (A) The number of humpbacks decreased due to serious sea pollution.
  - (B) The world humpback population has been rising by more than fifty thousand.
  - (C) It is difficult to count the exact number of humpbacks because they keep moving.
  - (D) Humpback whales are as mysterious as human beings.

| Ⅲ 次の 1~10 の各文の空                       | 所に入る最も適切                        | なものを,(A)~(D)       | )の中から一つ選びなさい。(20 点)            |  |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 1. You'll feel on top of the          | e after                         | a good rest.       |                                |  |
| (A) mountain                          | (B) sun                         | (C) world          | (D) castle                     |  |
| 2. You better                         | go home before it               | gets dark.         |                                |  |
| (A) had                               | (B) have                        | (C) could          | (D) can                        |  |
| 3. We all him                         | as a great baseba               | ıll player.        |                                |  |
| (A) look down on                      | (A) look down on (B) look up to |                    |                                |  |
| (C) take care of                      | (D) get                         | rid of             |                                |  |
| 4. I have a mental block              | I try to                        | o remember my pa   | assword.                       |  |
| (A) otherwise                         | (B) whenever                    | (C) until          | (D) although                   |  |
| 5. She heard the door all night long. |                                 |                    |                                |  |
| (A) to slam                           | (B) slams                       | (C) slamming       | (D) is slamming                |  |
| 6 its reputati                        | on, there is nothi              | ng particularly di | stinctive about the movie.     |  |
| (A) In charge of                      | (B) In s                        | spite of           |                                |  |
| (C) In comparison v                   | vith (D) In o                   | case of            |                                |  |
| 7. Three hundred worker               | rs were                         | off by the strike. |                                |  |
| (A) laid                              | (B) cleaned                     | (C) cut            | (D) shown                      |  |
| 8. When the parents arri              | ved at home, the                | child b            | ped for more than three hours. |  |
| (A) was being in                      | (B) was                         | s lying in         |                                |  |
| (C) had been in                       | (D) had                         | l gone in          |                                |  |
| 9 your help a                         | and support, we co              | ould not have achi | eved this much.                |  |
| (A) Should                            | (B) Had                         | (C) But            | (D) Without                    |  |
| 10. Miki a fac                        | e when she heard                | l that Mark was c  | oming to the party.            |  |
| (A) threw                             | (B) pulled                      | (C) pushed         | (D) took                       |  |

| 記  | 号を答えなさい。たたし、又與に直かれる語句もすべて小又子で表記されています。(24 点)  |
|----|---|
| 1. | あなたのおかげで私はとても幸福で、天にも昇るような気持ちです。   |
|    | You have made me so happy that I feel $(1)()()(2)()(3)($  |
|    | (A) on (B) if (C) were (D) as (E) I (F) walking (G) air   |
| 2. | トムは子ども扱いされることにうんざりしている。   |
|    | Tom ( ) ( 4 ) ( ) ( 5 ) ( ) ( 6 ) ( ) child.  |
|    | (A) treated (B) is (C) a (D) tired (E) like (F) being (G) of  |
| 3. | 彼らは大学でギリシャ語を一生懸命に勉強しましたが、今では仕事で使う機会はほとんどありません。 They studied Greek very hard at college, but they ( ) ( 7 ) ( 8 ) ( 9 ) ( ) work now.  |
|    | (A) to (B) at (C) have (D) opportunity (E) use (F) little (G) it  |
| 4. | 主催者がすべての準備をしたので、あなたはパーティに来て、楽しみさえすればいいのです。 The host has made all the necessary preparations, so ( ) ( 10 ) ( 10 ) ( 11 ) ( 12 ) up to the party and enjoy yourself.  (A) have (B) all (C) is (D) do (E) to (F) show (G) you |

III 次の日本文の意味を表すように、下記の語句を空所に入れて英文を完成させるとき、(1)~(12)に入る語句の

IV "My Future Goals"という題名で 200 語以上の英文エッセイを書きなさい。あなたが 大学で何を学びたいのか、大学でどのような経験をしたいのかを含めること。(24 点)